# CDS EXAM (1) 2022

### DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

T.B.C.: GHSA-U-ENG

Test Booklet Series

Serial

1281821

# TEST BOOKLET ENGLISH



Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES **NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series Code A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.
- 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside.

  DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- 5. You have to mark all your responses *ONLY* on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
- 6. All items carry equal marks.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- 8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator *only the Answer Sheet*. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- 9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
- 10. Penalty for wrong answers:

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

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#### SPOTTING ERRORS

**Directions:** Each item in this section has a sentence with three underlined parts labelled as (a), (b) and (c). Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in any underlined part and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet against the corresponding letter i.e., (a) or (b) or (c). If you find no error, your response should be indicated as (d).

	(a)			(b)		1		
a	at the instance of the	e Chief of the	Group.	No error				
	(c)			(d)				
I	f I am the principa	al of the school	ol I wou	ıld abolish a	all examina	tions. No err	or	
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)		
1	My mother is thinking	ng that I she	ould sto	op drinking.	No error		Ar Asin.	Speak M
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	(a)	(b)	la fortier une service	(c)	(d)		Pality of the same	
7	The students have	a good time	in the cl	lass today.	No error			
	(a)	(b)		(c) (A)	(d)	IED		
	<u>e</u>	0000%					arth ar	
		h manala vers	ama imagual	lated agains	+ COVID 1	Q on March	15	TOTAL
_	More than thirty lak	th people we	ere inocul	lated agains	st COVID-1	ce 2001		
	(a)	th people we rning Dre	ere inocul eams l	lated agains nto Rec (b)	st COVID-1 dity, sin	9 on March ce 2001 (c)		d)
-	lu	rning Dre	eams I	(b)	ility, sin	ce 2001 (c)		<b>d</b> )
-	(a)	rning Dre	eams I	(b)	ility, sin	ce 2001 (c)		<b>d</b> )
I	(a)  LIC was found on	rning Dre September 1,	<u>1956</u> vi	(b)	nsurance C	ce 2001 (c)	t. No erro	<b>d</b> )
I	(a)  LIC was found on (a)	September 1,	<u>1956</u> vi	ia the Life I	nsurance C	ce 2001 (c)	t. No erro	<b>d</b> )
I I	(a)  LIC was found on (a)  Full many a flower (a)	September 1,  (b)  are born to  (b)	1956 vi	ia the Life I	nsurance C  (c)  error (d)	ce 2001 (c)	t. No erro	<b>d</b> )
	(a)  LIC was found on a (a)  Full many a flower (a)  I shall be glad to hele	September 1,  (b)  are born to  (b)	1956 vi	ia the Life I	nsurance C (c) error	ce 2001 (c)	t. No erro	<b>d</b> )
	(a)  LIC was found on a constant of the consta	September 1,  (b)  are born to  (b)  p every one	1956 vine of my both	ia the Life I  nseen. No  oys in the	nsurance C (c) error (d) ir studies. (c)	No error	t. No erro	<b>d</b> )
	(a)  LIC was found on (a)  Full many a flower (a)  I shall be glad to hel (a)  Most heart attacks	September 1,  (b)  are born to  (b)  p every one	1956 vine of my both	ia the Life I  nseen. No  oys in the	nsurance C  (c)  error (d)  ir studies. (c)  e or left side	No error	t. No erro	<b>d</b> )
]	(a)  LIC was found on (a)  Full many a flower  (a)  I shall be glad to hel  (a)  Most heart attacks  (a)	September 1,  (b)  are born to  (b)  p every one  involve disco	1956 vine of my boomfort in the second of th	ia the Life I  nseen. No  oys in the	nsurance C (c) error (d) ir studies. (c) e or left sid (c)	No error (d) e of the chest.	No error (d)	d) o <u>r</u>
]	(a)  LIC was found on (a)  Full many a flower (a)  I shall be glad to hel (a)  Most heart attacks	September 1,  (b)  are born to  (b)  p every one  involve disco	1956 vine of my boomfort in the second of th	ia the Life I  nseen. No  oys in the	nsurance C (c) error (d) ir studies. (c) e or left sid (c)	No error	No error (d)	<b>d</b> )

#### FILL IN THE BLANKS

**Directions**: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space and four words or group of words are given after the sentence. Select the most appropriate word or group of words for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

11.	Fifteen years, Elizabeth left her	er 16. There is nothing than a busy life.
	career and moved to India with her spouse.	(a) good
	(a) ago	(b) easier
	(b) before	(c) best
	(c) · since	(d) better
	(d) behind	
	every average and taking the deal	17. I wish I young again.
12.	The Government has into a	a (a) were
	specific agreement with a charitable trust to	to (b) was
	provide medicines to poor patients.	had been had been a rentuca the
	(a) enter	(d) have been
	(b) entered	a la un la compania de la compania dela compania del la compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania del
	(c) entering	18. He must work very hard and make up
	(d) been entered	lost time.
13.	Whatever, please keep calm.	(a) with
	(a) has happened urning Dreams Int	nto Regity since 2001
	(b) is happening	
		(d) again
	(c) has been happening (d) happens	19. Your attempt can hardly be called successful,
	(u) nappens	for it had no good results.
14.	road we take, we shall be late.	(a) have not as a walk young that
	(a) Whatever	(b) did
	(b) What	(c) didn't
	(c) Whichever	
	(d) Which	
		20. As per the existing market rate, twelve dozen
15.	The news is good to be true.	one hundred rupees.
	(a) so	(a) costs
	(b) too	(b) cost
	(c) very	(c) costed
	(d) enough	(d) is costing

(3-A)

GHSA-U-ENG

#### IDIOMS AND PHRASES

**Directions:** Given below are some idioms/phrases followed by four alternative meanings to each. Choose the response (a), (b), (c) or (d) which is the most appropriate expression and mark your response in the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- 21. Be out for the count
  - (a) Sleeping deeply
  - (b) Counting money carefully
  - (c) To count each step one takes
  - (d) To be very happy
- 22. Go by the book
  - (a) To buy a book of one's choice
  - (b) To understand the book
  - (c) To follow someone who reads books
  - (d) To follow rules exactly
- 23. Double-talk
  - (a) Interfering while someone is talking
  - (b) Speaking with double meaning
  - (c) Speaking to confuse people and avoid truth
  - (d) Talking repeatedly and annoying people
- 24. At somebody's elbow
  - (a) To be dominated by someone
  - (b) To be near someone in order to help
  - (c) To be kept in house
  - (d) To make people important
- 25. Treading on eggshells
  - (a) Taking care of eggs to save the lives of young chicks
  - (b) Intending to grow very fast
  - (c) Making best bets in one's trade
  - (d) To be careful in speech and actions

- 26. Everyone and his brother
  - (a) An individual and all his relatives
  - (b) To think about universal brotherhood
  - (c) A large number of people
  - (d) To treat people as relatives
- 27. Feet of clay
  - (a) Very soft feet
  - (b) Difficulty in running
  - (c) Slow in actions
  - (d) Hidden faults
- 28. Feel the pinch
  - (a) Being hurt and wounded by someone
  - (b) To remain silent on injustice
  - (c) Having financial problems all of a sudden
  - (d) Feeling disappointment
- 29. The feathers fly
  - (a) To add more success to one's career
  - (b) To fight and argue a lot
  - (c) To lead a carefree life
  - (d) To get into a romantic relationship
- 30. A foregone conclusion
  - (a) A generous gift
  - (b) A confusing idea
  - (c) An obvious speculation
  - (d) An inevitable result

#### ORDERING OF WORDS IN A SENTENCE

**Directions:** Each of the following items in this section consists of a sentence, parts of which have been jumbled. These parts have been labelled as P, Q, R and S. Given below each sentence are four sequences, namely (a), (b), (c) and (d). You are required to re-arrange the jumbled parts of the sentence and mark your response accordingly.

31.	as s	oon as the	government was pressed to do	something for the	poor the session	commenced
		P	Q	R	S	The second secon
	(a)	QRSP	28 # 1 Bud we make the Decey		para - to a away	
	(b)	RQPS				
	(c)	PSQR				
	(d)	SQRP				
32.	they	do not com	ne within my subject lightly este	emed by me if I	don't speak to then	n, it's because
			P	Q	R	HERE HERE
	and	not because	e they are			
		S			eta de la comunicación de la com	
	(a)	SPRQ				
	(b)	QRPS			Taranaman yan la	
	(c)	RSPQ	<b>自然 不明显的 水焰</b> 第二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十		a travelu	(1) 1,
	(d)	RPSQ			day is the light state.	parint had a
33.	no n	nagnanimou	us victor the fortune of war had	nut in his nower	so cruelly would tr	oot those when
		P		R		S S
	(-)					Sky Lland
	(a)	PQRS	Turning Dreams Into	Reality, sin	ce 2001	
	(b) (c)	PSQR SQRP				
	(d)	RPQS				
	0.000	Marco Stands	promise and the art was always	er selri de the of	all market from	ASRIE (ATA
34.	call		whatever else one may say of hi	m no one dare	his honesty of purp	oose
		P	$\mathbf{Q}$	R	S	diage to be
	(a)	QSPR		The state of the state of		4.1
	(b)	SPRQ				
	(c)	QRPS	Mary Transport Control			
	(d)	PQRS				
35.	has k	pecome eve	er since the COVID-19 pandemic	began, a fixture	of everyday life	
		P	Q		R	
	calib	rating disea	ase-related risk		No. of the parties of	
		S			the entire to be a series	
	(a)	QSPR				divide the contra
	(b)	SRQP		The same of		134 301
	(c)	PQRS				ALLE SEE SEE
	(d)	QPRS				
	(u)	CITIS				
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36.	late s	sixties	he still enjoys vigorou	he is in his	health; altho	ugh	
		P	Q	R	S		
	(a)	QPRS		the state of the second			
	(b)	SPRQ					Manager is mader
	(c)	QSRP					
	(d)	PQRS					
37.	invit	ing as t	he retort of abuse no	thing is so easy	and and sar	casm but it is	a paltry
		ve tagir	(e.p.) increments of	. Q	(4) (1) (4) (4) (4) (5) (5)	R	Section In the
	and a	an unpi	ofitable contest				TRANCES CO. L.
			S				
	(a)	QRSP	Christian Treatment	Accounted the property			
	(b)	RSPQ		American Sparity A			Marine A. A. S. C.
	(c)	QRPS	ed at least the				alkaling that will a
	(d)	QPRS					
38.	intro	duces a	intithetical ideas and	epigram is a br	ief and point	ed saying that	frequently
			P	Q	λ.	R	100 May - 100 Ma
	that	cause o	ne to think afresh				E Business suffer
			S	THE	DAMA	LICD	
	(a)	PQRS	(000002		JANA	A HINT	
	(b)	QRPS	Turning Dr	agms Into	Poglity o	inco 2001	
	(c)	SQRP	Turning Dr	earns into	neulty, s	ince 2001	
	(d)	QPRS					
39.	of an	tithesis	s whereby two predict	ed at once oxy	moron is a spe	ecial form con	tradictory qualities are
			P	Q	R		S
	(a)	PQRS			r de la companya de l		
	(b)	PRQS				torner in the	
	(c)	RPSQ					
	(d)	SPRQ	La Carrente Siten		- N. 1		
40.	and	marble	they thus mock him	people talk of	memorials to	him in statue	s of bronze
			P	Q		R	The state of the state of the
	and	belie hi	s message				Estador proposition in
		S					
	(a)	QRSF					
	(b)	PQRS					
	(c)	QRPS	3				1910 7 19 19
	(d)	RQSF					The Court of the
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#### ORDERING OF SENTENCES

**Directions:** In this section each item consists of six sentences of a passage. The first and the sixth sentences are given in the beginning as S1 and S6. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up and labelled as P, Q, R and S. You are required to find the proper sequence of the four sentences and mark your response accordingly on the Answer Sheet.

- 41. S1: Hunger and malnutrition are outcomes of food insecurity or the inability to access adequate food and nutrition.
  - S6: It is most likely that India is going to miss the Millennium Development Goal in this regard.
  - P: In 2001-03, every fifth Indian was found to be undernourished.
  - Q: The rate of decline in the proportion of the undernourished through the 1990s was much slower in comparison to the decline in poverty headcount ratio.
  - R: Hunger-related poverty remains one of the major deprivations in India.
  - S: In fact, the proportion of undernourished people remained stagnant at 21% in the second half of 1990s, and the number actually increased.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) RPQS
- (b) RQPS
- (c) SRPQ
- (d) QPRS

# THE CAVALIER

# Turning Dreams Into Reality, since 2001

- 42. S1: The Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) was established in 1975.
  - S6: These predictions have an effect on the Indian economy that belies any belief that the economy of our country is not solely dependent on agriculture and the rains that feed it.
  - P: The Meteorological Department is perhaps also burdened with the most critical form of soothsaying i.e., forecasting the monsoon.
  - Q: The Crop Yield Formation Unit of the department has developed statistical models using correlation and regression techniques.
  - R: The IMD issued the first operational long range forecast of seasonal south-west monsoon rainfall in India in 1986.
  - S : It is the natural meteorological service and the principal agency in all matters related to meteorology.

- (a) RSPQ
- (b) SRQP
- (c) SQRP
- (d) PQRS

- 43. S1: Let us posit two questions: one, what ails our parliamentary system?
  - S6: Given the current political scenario, it appears that India has yet to develop a strong parliamentary culture.
  - P: To search for an answer, we begin with Rudolf's observation that the parliamentary life has deteriorated in India.
  - Q: Two, how democratic is our democracy?
  - R: For a system to survive, grow and prosper, it needs to be supported by a democratic political culture.
  - S: There is an organic connectivity between a parliamentary system and parliamentary democracy.

- (a) QRPS
- (b) SPRQ
- (c) PQRS
- (d) QPRS THE CAVALIER

# Turning Dreams Into Reality, since 2001

- 44. S1: People of every country think very highly of themselves and consider their country the best or the greatest.
  - S6: We should accept whatever good we may find in other countries.
  - P: And discard what is bad.
  - Q: No country can be absolutely good, just as no man can be thoroughly good.
  - R: One must cultivate the ability to discern the good from the bad.
  - S: We have to keep what is good.

- (a) QPRS
- (b) SPQR
- (c) QRSP
- (d) PQRS

- 45. S1: Poverty is wrongly considered an evil.
  - S6: To abolish poverty would be to destroy the soil upon which mankind produces the virtues conducive to higher civilisation.
  - P: Most of the great men on Earth are those who have sprung from the ranks of the poor.
  - Q: The home of poverty, free from care and social envy, is characterised by love and unity among its members.
  - R: The children of rich men are not so fortunate as those of poor men.
  - S: The poor lead a happier life than the rich.

- (a) QPRS
- (b) SRQP
- (c) SPQR
- (d) QRPS



- 46. S1: 'All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy There is a lot of truth in this proverb.
  - S6: Games provide recreation for the pupils, and also make their bodies strong.
  - P: Then, they can go back to their books, refreshed.
  - Q: Games provide the best form of recreation in schools.
  - R: Unless pupils enjoy some sort of recreation, they become dull and their reading suffers as a consequence.
  - S: Pupils should play for an hour or two.

- (a) RQSP
- (b) PQRS
- (c) PRSQ
- (d) QPRS

- 47. S1: Sometimes we have to put up with something irksome or unpleasant.
  - S6: But we find ourselves getting accustomed to it in due course of time.
  - P: Suppose we shift into a house near a factory which keeps going all day.
  - Q: As time goes by, we are able to adapt ourselves to it so that it becomes a part of our life.
  - R: Thus, we can get used to anything.
  - S: At first, the noise of the machinery makes it impossible for us to sleep at night.

- (a) QPSR
- (b) PQRS
- (c) QRPS
- (d) SRQP



- 48. S1: A large city is the best school for studying life ality, since 2001
  - S6: Thus a city can teach us many aspects of life.
  - P: If we live in a city for a year or two, we will be able to acquire a good knowledge of life.
  - Q: In a large city we encounter different types of persons.
  - R: The rich and the poor, the proud and the humble, the deceitful and the innocent, the rough and the gentle.
  - S: The various facets of life can be found reflected in a large city.

- (a) PQSR
- (b) SRPQ
- (c) QPSR
- (d) QRSP

- 49. S1: Great talkers are never great doers.
  - S6: Those who do nothing are usually the most talkative.
  - P: Rather they serve themselves and never the community.
  - Q: But when the time for action comes, they keep themselves away.
  - R: We come across people who are eloquent over great things.
  - S: Many who deliver wonderful speeches about their own greatness, do no valuable service to the country.

- (a) PRSQ
- (b) RQSP
- (c) RSQP
- (d) PQRS



- 50. S1: Leisure is perhaps as important as work o Reality, since 2001
  - S6: We should take care to make proper use of leisure.
  - P: And we feel very tired.
  - Q: Unless we have some break, we cannot carry on and our health may suffer.
  - R: Sometimes we work continuously.
  - S: After a little relaxation, we can work more energetically and efficiently.

- (a) RQPS
- (b) SRPQ
- (c) QPSR
- (d) RPQS

#### SYNONYMS

Directions: Each item in this section consists of a sentence with an underlined word followed by four words/group of words. Select the option that is nearest in meaning to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- Please use conversational language. 51.
  - (a) formal
  - (b) complex
  - dialogical (c)
  - informal (d)
- 52. My neighbour is malicious.
  - (a) generous
  - affectionate (b)
  - spiteful (c)
  - magnanimous (d)
- I was awe-inspired by his designation. 53.
  - (a) position
  - Turning Dreams Into Redaity, lovable 200 (b) looks
  - (c) social status
  - (d) personality
- Words of endearment always touch me. 54.
  - (a) praise
  - fondness (b)
  - conviction (c)
  - (d) wisdom
- We should follow patience and forbearance. 55.
  - constraint (a)
  - (b) encouragement
  - (c) restraint
  - (d) support

- His gibbous looks make him different from 56. others.
  - hunched (a)
  - (b) smart
  - charming (c)
  - disabled (d)
- She tormented with her detached 57. me behaviour.
  - threatened (a)
  - (b) ignored
  - cajoled (c)
  - (d) distressed
- Her peerless manners were noticed.
- - (b) rowdy
  - irrelevant (c)
  - unequalled (d)
  - He studied mensuration carefully. 59.
    - measurement (a)
    - (b) questions
    - (c) conclusions
    - (d) lessons
  - They smothered the fire in the building. 60.
    - lighted (a)
    - (b) surrounded
    - (c) doused
    - (d) saw

#### **ANTONYMS**

**Directions**: Each item in this section consists of sentences with an underlined word followed by four words or group of words. Select the option that is **opposite** in meaning to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- 61. He discontinued the work due to pressure.
  - (a) deputed
  - (b) resumed
  - (c) ceased
  - (d) concealed
- 62. The teacher chided the pupil.
  - (a) admonished
  - (b) reprimanded
  - (c) commended
  - (d) reproved
- 63. I cherish your company.
  - (a) deprecate
  - (b) value Turning Dreams Into Realty,
  - (c) adore
  - (d) sustain
- 64. The house was full of chaos when I reached.
  - (a) disorder
  - (b) confusion
  - (c) uniformity
  - (d) order
- 65. We worship celestial beings.
  - (a) utopian
  - (b) earthly
  - (c) transcendental
  - (d) ritual

- 66. Mohan is quite reticent.
  - (a) garrulous
  - (b) taciturn
  - (c) reserved
  - (d) quiet
- 67. He was rather childish.
  - (a) infantile
  - (b) harmonious
  - (c) seasoned
  - (d) exquisite
- 68. John is a magniloquent person.
  - (a) pompous
    - ally, surgide 2001
      - (c) lofty
      - (d) terse
- 69. His clandestine affairs were suspicious.
  - (a) covert
  - (b) conspicuous
  - (c) furtive
  - (d) unknown
- 70. Some animals live a dormant life.
  - (a) latent
  - (b) inert
  - (c) sluggish
  - (d) active

#### **CLOZE COMPOSITION**

**Directions**: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space with four words or group of words given. Select whichever word or group of words you consider the most appropriate for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

						71.					
Bad habits	such a	as ove	er-eating, drink	ing, o	r smoking		hav	e	ve	ry ea	sy to acquire.
			and the first state of		Ö	(b)	are		ALIE THE		Miles of the second state
	. J.flo	FOOR	Man and the			(c)	will				
	21	Street.	Here William			(d)	sha				
	310	72.				(4)	Sila				
One should	fight		from t	he for	ce of habit	. Ever	1 good	d th	ings can	be ve	ery harmful
	Ü	(b)	for								A STATE OF STATE OF
		(c)	of								
		(d)	against					. /			
	73.							74.			
when done		to	excess. Th	e wis	e man is c	onscio		(a)	about		
		in	Thomas Liver					(b)	with re	gard	to
		with			Mark Land			(c)	of	gara	in the same
		as	and Marchae					(d)	with		the state of the state of
								(4)		75.	
his bad hah	its an	d che	cks them prom	otly T	he use of	tobacc	o has	spi	read all	(a)	around
oud nac	- Co all	_ 0110	one in promp		LIC USC OI	Jobacc	Jilda	. ohi	oud all	(b)	of
										(c)	over
			£							(d)	in
The state of						115	76.	115		(u)	111
the world	Phoso :	whol	nave acquired th	hig ha	d habit w	blu	(a)	har	nolvr	Dh	e able to
the world.	lilose	WIIO	lave acquired th	lis ba	d Habit wo	ouid			rely	D	e able to
		N. C.	20000				(b)		rcely		
		T	usping Dr	0.000	cloto	Dog	(c)		dom	201	
			urning Dre								
get rid of i	t. Alco	nol, v	which is more			coun	tries	tha	n in wa	rmer	ones, does
	1		1 111		7.	1 1					
nobody any	good a	and sl	hould be avoide			Te les and the less			Alcohol,	even	if taken in sm
				(b							
	5			(c		The second second	•				Tracker adec, to
				(d	l) discree	etly.					
	78.	A pt	risk servations								
quantities,		tends	to affe	ct one	's health.	For th	e vict	tims	of alcol	nolisn	1,
		does	是一种 中的								
	(c)	levels	3								Lun Vicher
	(d)	denie	S								THE PART OF THE PA
79.											ALIPADADA IN T
(a) diagn	ose		helps, but this	condi	tion canno	t be cu	ured.	Syn	nptoms	of alc	oholism
(b) challe											
(c) treatr										di List	
(d) chron											
1/4		The area	Sean is notify	80.							
include ren	eated s	alcoho	ol consumption	(a)	serious		rela	ted	legal an	d hee	lth issues.
include rep	outeu (	alcoil(	or combampaion	(b)	despite		Tela	icu .	legal all	u nea	idi issues.
			The same regular	(c)	meaning						identification .
				(d)	therapeu						
				(0)	Literanell	1 1/1					
				(-/	theraped	LIC				110.00	
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#### COMPLETION OF SENTENCE

**Directions**: Following items features one part of the sentence followed by four alternatives. Complete the sentences by choosing the correct alternative.

- 81. I stopped seeing her
  - (a) for she moved to the city.
  - (b) as long as she moved to the city.
    - (c) no sooner than she moved to the city.
    - (d) because she moved to the city.
- 82. He led the caravan
  - (a) whenever he wanted to go.
  - (b) whichever he wanted to go.
  - (c) wherever he wanted to go.
  - (d) whomsoever he wanted to go.
- 83. Unless you work harder
  - (a) you will succumb.
  - (b) you will pass.
  - (c) you will fail.
  - (d) you will be promoted.
- 84. Had I the wings of a bird
  - (a) I would fly away.
  - (b) I should fly away.
  - (c) I will have flown away.
  - (d) I could have flown away.
- 85. He would be happier
  - (a) was he more honest.
  - (b) had he more honest.
  - (c) should he be more honest.
  - (d) were he more honest.

- 86. No sooner did I arrive at the airport
  - (a) then the flight took off.
  - (b) than the flight took off.
  - (c) did the flight take off.
  - (d) than the flight shall take off.
- 87. I couldn't be angry with him
  - (a) had I tried.
  - (b) should I try.
  - (c) if I tried.
  - (d) even I tried.
- 88. He knows only
  - (a) so much as I have told him.

see but babits and ther

- (b) whichever I have told him.
- (c) so far as I have told him.
- (d) what I have told him.
- 89. As you have made your bed
  - (a) you must learn to lie.
  - (b) you must adjust with the situation.
  - (c) so you must lie on it.
  - (d) so that you can lie on it.
- 90. The younger man has more money
  - (a) then brains.
  - (b) of brains.
  - (c) than brains.
  - (d) for brains.

#### PREPOSITIONS AND DETERMINERS

**Directions**: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space with four options. Select whichever preposition or determiner you consider the most appropriate for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

91.	He s	succeeded dint of perseverance	96.	We to	ravelled Mr. Barthwal's car.				
	and	hard work.		(a)	at				
	(a)	in the arrowing and the arrow of		(b)	with				
	(b)	of	1031	(c)	inside				
	(c)	by	desi.		in				
	(d)	with a large with the second second	Pari	(d)					
00		All the recommendates and the	97.	97. Suresh came home train					
92.		his ill health, he retired from		(a)	on				
		usiness.	1.1	(b)	with				
	(a)	With regard to							
	(b)	Due		(c)	by .				
	(c)	As		(d)	off				
	(d)	Owing to	00	TO					
93.	The	e are the good rules to live	98.		things are impossible				
90.	(a)	with			eve with diligence and skill.				
	(b)	by		(a)	for				
	(c)	off Turning Dreams In	to R	(b) /i	ito, since 2001				
	(d)	in the second se		(c)	in				
22313	, ,			(d)	onto				
94.	Peop	le who are averse hard							
	work	do not succeed in life.	99.	It is i	natural for everyone to aspire				
	(a)	to table to		distin	nction.				
	(b)	with		(a)	with				
	(c)	of		(b)	about				
	(d)	regarding		(c)	into				
0.5		A Company of the Comp		(d)	for				
95.		oman who always connives		(u)					
	her c	hildren to hide their faults, is their worst	100.	He is	s liable his wife's debts.				
	enem	period to the second to the se		(a)	for				
	(a)	with			to				
	(b)	by instrumental (a)							
	(c)	at		(c)	with				
	(d)	for		(d)	at				

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#### COMPREHENSION

**Directions**: In this section you have **two** short passages. After each passage, you will find some items based on the passage. First, read a passage and answer the items based on it. You are required to select your answers based on the contents of the passage and opinion of the author only.

#### Passage - I

All organisms such as plants, animals, microorganisms and human beings as well as the physical surroundings interact with each other and maintain a balance in nature. All the interacting organisms in an area together with the non-living constituents of the environment form an ecosystem. Thus, an ecosystem consists of biotic components comprising living organisms and abiotic components comprising physical factors like temperature, rainfall, wind, soil and minerals.

For example, if you visit a garden you will find different plants, such as grasses, trees; flower-bearing plants like rose, Jasmine, sunflower; and animals like frogs, insects and birds. All these living organisms interact with each other and their growth, reproduction and other activities are affected by the abiotic components of the ecosystem. So a garden is an ecosystem. Other types of ecosystems are forests, ponds and lakes. These are natural ecosystems while gardens and crop-fields are human-made ecosystems.

- 101. The general tone of the passage is
  - (a) critical.
  - (b) satirical.
  - (c) analytical.
  - (d) informational.

- 102. Which of the following is a non-living constituent of the environment?
  - (a) Wind
  - (b) Bacteria
  - (c) Grasses
  - (d) Frog
- 103. Abiotic components of the ecosystem refer to
  - (a) living organisms.
  - (b) non-living organisms.
  - (c) natural surroundings.
  - (d) physical factors.

### Reality, since 2001

- **104.** Which of the following is **not** a natural ecosystem?
  - (a) Crop-field
  - (b) Forest
  - (c) Pond
  - (d) Lake
- 105. The word 'constituent' in the passage implies
  - (a) constellation.
  - (b) consternation.
  - (c) component.
  - (d) constriction.

#### Passage - II

As we discussed food and sang every song we could remember and talked incessantly, we were slowly moving deeper into the Atlantic, and we got the feeling, really, that we belonged there, and that the ships that passed on the horizon were only hurrying strangers. We were actually living on the ocean. We discovered that the birds all seemed to league up at night-time, resting on the water by the hundreds. When we came poking along, we seemed so much a part of the sea that the birds wouldn't move until we were about five yards away. Then they'd flutter off, leaving feathers floating in the water, and settle again a few yards away.

The dolphins and porpoises would come up at sunset and move in among us and the birds. They'd come up very lazily under the birds, which would go up on their heels and flap their wings a bit, and then settle right down again. Two whales joined us one evening and played ring-around-rosie so close to us that Chay could have reached out an oar and tapped one.

We had calculated that we had just enough rations to make England, but the easterly winds caused an agonizing reappraisal. It would have been an interesting experience, running right down like that, but we felt we must not risk other people's lives by making them search for us. We decided to accept rations from the next ship that stopped. Was it a mature decision?

This was also the time when the strain of the voyage really began to tell on us. I wrote in my log: 'I have known fear many times in my life, and indeed I have often striven to develop a situation that provided fear in both boxing and parachuting. I have never known anything like this — cannot be over tomorrow, or for many tomorrows. Somehow it is like being rubbed down with sandpaper. I honestly do not know how many storms there have been now, and each leaves us progressively weaker.'

save us if we get into difficulties. No ship could get us off these seas even if it arrived in time. We are completely in God's hands, at the mercy of the weather. All night the wind screams louder and louder, and the sound of the sea grows. We talk of many things — the night train to Scotland, the many things we've done, and slowly we are overtaken by an enormous feeling of humility and a desire to return to try and live a better life. The weather reached a climax at 0300 and then declined rapidly. Thank goodness we could not see the sea.'

- 106. "We were actually living on the ocean," implies
  - (a) they were homeless.
  - they were on a long voyage into the (b) Atlantic.
  - they were without any source of income. (c)
  - (d) they were fishing deep into the Atlantic for their living.
- 107. "... the birds all seemed to league up at night-time," implies
  - left alone at night-time. (a)
  - isolated at night-time. (b)
  - (c)
  - (d) stay in groups at night-time.
- 108. What did the author write in his log?
  - They faced the worst kind of fear ever (a) experienced.
  - (b) They were excellent in boxing and parachuting.
  - (c) They faced the storms bravely.
  - (d) They starved for food.

- 109. They lost all hope of survival because
  - (a) it was freezing cold.
  - (b) there was no help coming to them.
  - (c) they were facing a severe sea-storm.
  - (d) they were frightened by the whales and dolphins.

- get together at hight time. reams Into 110. We are overtaken by an enormous feeling of humility," implies that they
  - (a) have lost faith in themselves.
  - (b) were ready to accept help from the ships around them.
  - (c) needed equipment and food to survive.
  - (d) have accepted the strength and power of nature with modesty.

#### PARTS OF SPEECH

Directions: Each of the following sentences has a word or phrase underlined. Read the sentences carefully and find which part of speech the underlined word belongs to. Indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

111.		conclusions	that	they	came	to	are	highly	
	ques	stionable.							
	(a)	Noun		4117					
	(b)	Adjective							

- Adverb (c)
- (d) Gerund
- 112. This year marks the quincentenary Columbus's voyage to America.
  - Noun (a)
  - (b) Adjective
  - Adverb (c)
  - (d) Article
- 113. I still cherish the memories of those far-off days.
  - Preposition (a)
  - Conjunction urning Dreams Into Real Dry, Adverbe 2001 (b)
  - (c) Adjective
  - (d) Adverb
- 114. I don't think I'll come on Saturday. I have a lot of work to do. Besides, I don't really like parties.
  - Adjective (a)
  - Adverb (b)
  - (c) Preposition
  - Conjunction (d)
- 115. The bottomline is that we have to make a decision today.
  - (a) Noun
  - Pronoun (b)
  - Adverb (c)
  - (d) Adjective

- 116. Try to knock that vase over.
  - (a) Preposition
  - (b) Conjunction
  - (c) Adjective
  - Adverb (d)
- of 117. I'd like an ice cream. Are you having one too?
  - Noun (a)
  - Pronoun (b)
  - Adjective (c)
  - (d) Adverb
  - 118. My parents lent me the money. Otherwise, I could not have afforded the trip.
    - Adjective
  - - (c). Conjunction
    - (d) Participle
  - 119. She wrote me an anguished letter from her prison cell.
    - (a) Noun
    - (b) Verb
    - Adjective (c)
    - · (d) Adverb
  - 120. There is a visitor for you.
    - Relation Pronoun (a)
    - (b) **Definite Article**
    - (c) **Indefinite Article**
    - (d) Adverb

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